

## Book reviews

*Gmelin Handbook of Inorganic and Organometallic Chemistry, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Au, Compounds with Br, I, S, Se, Te, Po, B, and C, Supplement volume B2*  
Springer, Berlin and Heidelberg, 1994, 367 + xx pages  
DM-2290 ISBN 3-540-93694-7

This present volume does not deal with organometallic compounds as normally defined. Nevertheless, it presents background material which will be of value to chemists of many persuasions, from solid state to classical inorganic. Compounds of gold and carbon occupy about 30% of the content, and form the largest section of the book. Literature coverage is at least until the end of 1992.

There is no gold carbide, but the several gold carbonyls are considered, as well as their reactions with, for example, phosphanes. Gold cyanides and thiocyanates are also presented in the usual exhaustive Gmelin manner, though the emphasis is on physical properties. The ion  $[\text{Au}(\text{CN})_2]^-$  alone merits some 36 pages.

This is a valuable source book for anyone requiring basic information. There is no index of the usual Gmelin kind, though this is hardly necessary, since everything is easily accessible from the Table of Contents, and the number of compounds dealt with is relatively small. I hope that libraries will continue to support this series, even the issues of less specialised appeal such as this. Many people still find browsing through a handsomely presented volume more satisfactory than computer scanning.

*Gmelin Handbook of Inorganic and Organometallic Chemistry, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Mo, Organomolybdenum Compounds, Part 12*  
Springer, Berlin and Heidelberg, 1994, 333 + xii pages  
DM-2068 ISBN 3-540-93692-0

Somewhat mysteriously, the preface to this volume, which is volume 12, states that it is the sixth in a series dealing with organomolybdenum compounds. This particular volume deals with compounds containing what are designated <sup>5</sup>L ligands using the usual Gmelin nota-

tion. This means ligands bonded to the metal by five carbon atoms. The relatively short volume deals with compounds containing <sup>5</sup>L ligands plus three or four carbonyls, and then continues with mononuclear compounds containing two such <sup>5</sup>L ligands.

In fact, only six pages of the text deal with compounds containing a single <sup>5</sup>L group. The rest of the book discusses compounds which contain two such groups. The treatment is in the classical Gmelin style, concentrating on preparation, properties, structure, and reactions. What one will not find is a critical discussion of the compounds presented, as one might expect in a good review. Although it was not the intention to provide such material, the producers have allowed themselves to make useful comments in the occasional sections labelled "General Remarks".

Much of the data is presented in tabular form, and the indispensable "Empirical Formula Index" actually contains both an empirical formula index and a more easily recognisable semi-structural line-formula index. It is tempting, but probably unwise, to regard this book as a primary source. Nevertheless, with the essentially complete literature coverage, it will prove invaluable to researchers. It is difficult to find new ways of commending these unique compendia to the chemical public.

*Gmelin Handbook of Inorganic and Organometallic Chemistry, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Re, Organorhenium Compounds, Part 5*  
Springer, Berlin and Heidelberg, 1994, 542 + xii pages  
DM-3200 ISBN 3-540-93695-5

Rhenium is the last element in the Gmelin system, apart from the trans-uranium elements. Consequently, all the compounds containing rhenium will be listed under this element, making for a very bulky production, even more surprising granted that rhenium is a relatively rare element. The volume discusses compounds considered dinuclear on the Gmelin system, that is they contain two rhenium atoms. Other metal atoms which may be present in, say, a cluster are ignored for the purposes of this classification. It concentrates on com-